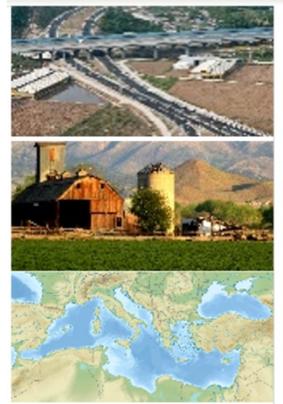


# Final Exam Access World History

1. Why did the Italian City States have the ideal location for trade?
  - a. The land was located near a highway.
  - b. The land had lots of farms, animals, and glass.
  - c. The land was near lots of water ways.



2.



What were four of the Italian City-States?

Locate these City-States on the map:

Venice Milan

Florence Rome

3.

What made the Italian City-States rich?



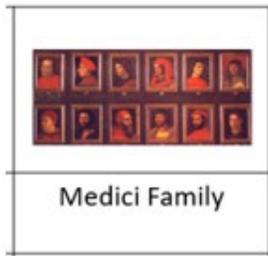
A. Constantinople



B. Trade



C. Corn



4. Renaissance means \_\_\_\_\_.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ was the belief that the world revolves around humans.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ were a rich Italian family from Florence.
7. Florence, Milan, Venice and Rome are \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_.
8. Which was a change that occurred after the Renaissance?

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <p>Invention of the internet</p>  | <p>Artwork had a human focus</p>  | <p>Artwork had a religious focus</p>  |
|--|--|--|

9. Which of these developments or people are NOT related the Renaissance?

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>A.</p> <p>Michelangelo</p>  | <p>B.</p> <p>Architecture</p>  | <p>C.</p> <p>Julius Cesar</p>  | <p>D.</p> <p>Printing Press</p>  |
|---|---|---|---|

10. Who was Petrarch?



A. An artist 

B. A writer 

C. An inventor 

11. What effect did Humanism have during the Renaissance?

|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
|  <p>Church was most important</p> |  <p>Rockets took people to space</p> |  <p>Humanism and Science changed</p> |
|---|--|--|

12. What was reformation?

- a. A time when people disagreed with the art made by the church.
- b. A time when people fought for more bibles to be in English.
- c. A time when people disagreed with the Catholic church.

13-16. Match the Cause and Effect

What were the religious reforms and their effects on Reformation in Europe?

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Martin Luther 95 Thesis  | King Henry established the Church of England and separated from the Catholic Church. |
| The Pope denied King Henry a divorce.                            | 30 year religious war  |
| Protestant Religion is formed.                                   | The Council of Trent   |
| Some rulers converted to Protestant, and other remained Catholic | Protestant Lutheran religion is formed   |

17.

Who is Christopher Columbus?

- A. An explorer
- B. A pope
- C. An emperor



18. During the age of exploration why did the explorers travel?

|   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
|  |  |  |
| A. Life was boring.   | B. Glory, God and Gold  | C. To spread over more land, and silver.   |

19. The Renaissance and the Scientific Revolution were times where people were more religious than logical.



True or False



20-22. Match the type of governments

Democracy

Monarchy

Dictatorship



23. Absolutism is when one person is in control of the government and has full power.



True or False



24. What is the role of Government?



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25.  
during

A. To keep people under control.

B. To keep people safe and working together.

C. To keep people at school, and in work.

What was important the Enlightenment?



A. ideas



B. Religion



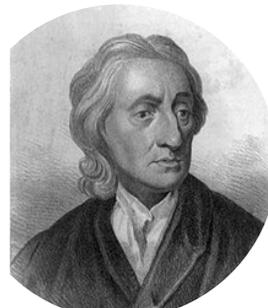
C. Kings

26. What was the cause of the Age of Enlightenment?

- a. People began to question how their governments were working.
- b. People wanted to attend church more.
- c. People studied more than before.

27. John Locke was famous in the 1700's for doing what?

- a. He was an artist.
- b. He was a philosopher.
- c. He was a king.
- d. He was a president.



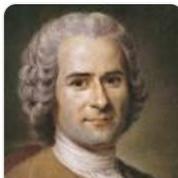
Match the philosopher with their contribution

28. John Locke \_\_\_\_
29. Rousseau \_\_\_\_
30. Voltaire \_\_\_\_
31. Montesquieu \_\_\_\_
32. Thomas Hobbes \_\_\_\_
- A. Contributed the idea that church and state should be separate.
- B. Need for absolute authority.
- C. Believed powers of the government should be separate and balanced.
- D. Blank slate, and the rights of life, liberty, and property.
- E. Men were born free, and corrupted by society.

33. The leaders of this time had ideas that have influenced the way people thought.



John Locke  
1632–1704



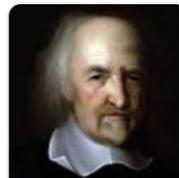
Jean-Jacques  
Rousseau  
1712–1778



Voltaire  
1694–1778



Montesquieu  
1689–1755



Thomas  
Hobbes  
1588–1679



True or False



34. What major event took place in France prior to Napoleon's rise to power?

- a. World War II

b. The French Revolution

c. The American Revolution



Simón Bolívar



José de San Martín



Toussaint L'Ouverture

35. What were these men associated with?

a. Latin American and Caribbean Wars of Independence

b. The French Revolution

c. The American Revolution

36. What effects did the revolutionaries have on Latin America?

a. People built colonies and became slaves.

b. Latin America had more wars for years later.

c. Latin America was free from the countries that colonized them.

37. Textile factories were important during the industrial revolution.



True or False



38. Eli Whitney invented the Cotton Gin during the Industrial Revolution



True or False



39. The big change during the Industrial Revolution was:

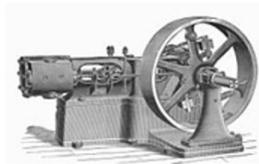
- a. War occurred in Europe
- b. More people made things by hand.
- c. Factories made most things people used.

40. Which of these was NOT a major invention during the industrial revolution?



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A. Spinning Jenny



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B. Steam Engine



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C. Swords

41. During the industrial revolution where did people move?

- a. They moved in the factory for work.
- b. They moved to major cities.
- c. They moved to rural farms.

## Word Bank



harsh



cities



middle



machines

42. Working conditions during the industrial revolution were \_\_\_\_\_.

43. People moved to the \_\_\_\_\_.

44. Goods could be made faster because of \_\_\_\_\_.

45. The working class was also called the \_\_\_\_\_ class.

46. What was the Industrial Revolution?



A. A period in history where people had religious wars and lived under the feudal system.



B. A period in history where technology, art, music, architecture and literature expanded, and focused on understanding humans.



C. A period in history where people where people worked in factories, created more technology, and worked long hours.

47-50. The causes of World War I have been referred to as MAIN. What does MAIN stand for? Use the images to fill in chart.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| M |  |
| A |  |
| I |  |
| N |  |

## MILITARISM

**Definition:** The policy of building up or creating a large military



The image shows two parts: on the left, a soldier in a trench with a rifle, and on the right, a formation of soldiers marching in a field.

## ALLIANCES

*You're my ally!*

**Definition:** An agreement between two or more countries to help each other out and defend each other.



The image shows two silhouettes of men shaking hands over a world map. A speech bubble above them says "You're my ally!".

## IMPERIALISM

• **Definition:** A country attempts to extend its power and influence over other countries, through diplomacy or military force



The image shows two parts: on the left, a map of the United States with red tentacles extending from the coast, and on the right, an eagle with wings spread over a globe.

## NATIONALISM

**Definition:** Pride in one's country.

*Extreme nationalism is to believe you're better than other countries and /or people and are willing to defend your country*



The image shows two parts: on the left, a crowd of people holding red flags, and on the right, a cartoon of a rooster.

51. Airplanes changed over time during WWI in which way?

- Transporting soldiers and dropping bombs.
- Observing areas to dropping bombs.
- Saving people

52. Which of these is not a WWII battle?

- Battle of the Bulge
- Battle of Midway
- Battle of Normandy
- Battle of Japan

53. Why did the Holocaust happen?

- a. Hitler needed more soldiers for WWII.
- b. People hid from the military.
- c. Hitler wanted to cleanse Germany of people that were not Aaryan.

54. What may have happened if the bombs weren't dropped?

- a. The war might continue.
- b. Japan might bomb the US.
- c. Japan would never surrender.

55-60. Decide if these events and images are from WWI or WWII.

Germany led a holocaust of all Jewish people.

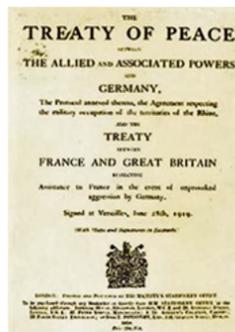


This war had advancement in War technology such as toxic gas.



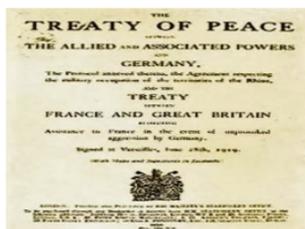
This Photo by Unknown

This war was started over tensions from Treaty of Versailles.



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The war ended with the Treaty of Versailles.



The war ended with the bombing of Hiroshima and surrender of Japan.



This war was caused by Militarism, Allies, Nationalism, and Imperialism.



This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA

4. Why did the Italian City States have the ideal location for trade?
- a. The land was located near a highway.
  - b. The land had lots of farms, animals, and glass.
  - c. The land was near lots of water ways.



5.



What were four of the Italian City-States?

Locate these City-States on the map:

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Florence

Rome

6.

What made the Italian City-States rich?



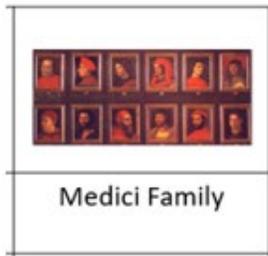
A. Constantinople



B. Trade



C. Corn



13. Renaissance means Rebirth.

14. Humanism was the belief that the world revolves around humans.

15. The Medici Family were a rich Italian family from Florence.

16. Florence, Milan, Venice and Rome are Italian City- States.

17. Which was a change that occurred after the Renaissance?

|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <p>Invention of the internet</p>  | <p>Artwork had a human focus</p>  | <p>Artwork had a religious focus</p>  |
|--|--|--|

18. Which of these developments or people are NOT related the Renaissance?

|   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| <p>A.</p> <p>Michelangelo</p>  | <p>B.</p> <p>Architecture</p>  | <p>C.</p> <p>Julius Cesar</p>  | <p>D.</p> <p>Printing Press</p>  |
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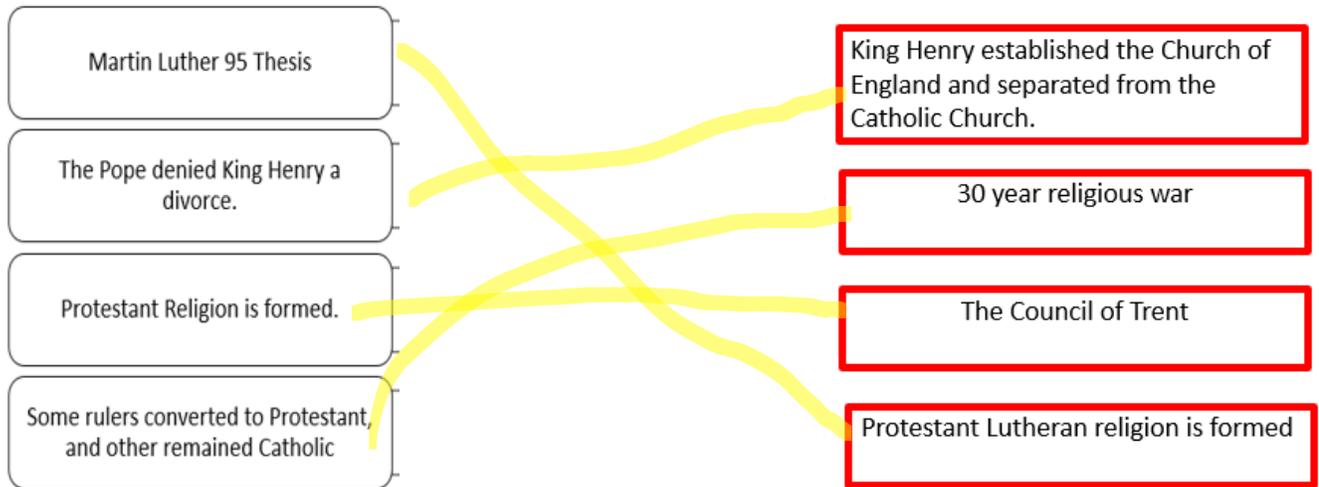
|   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
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What were the religious reforms and their effects on Reformation in Europe?



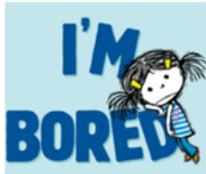
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Who is Christopher Columbus?

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- B. A pope
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|   |   |  |
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True or False



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23. Absolutism is when one person is in control of the government and has full power.



True or False



24. What is the role of Government?



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This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA

C. To keep people at school, and in work.

25. What was important during the Enlightenment?



B. Religion



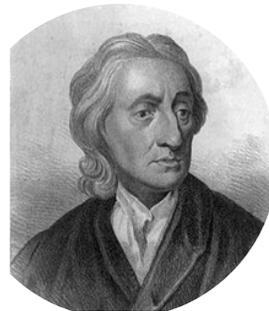
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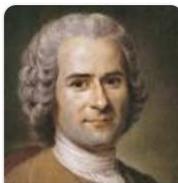
Match the philosopher with their contribution

47. John Locke \_\_\_
48. Rousseau \_\_\_
49. Voltaire \_\_\_
50. Montesquieu \_\_\_
51. Thomas Hobbes \_\_\_
- A. Contributed the idea that church and state should be separate.
- B. Need for absolute authority.
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52. The leaders of this time had ideas that have influenced the way people thought.



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1632–1704



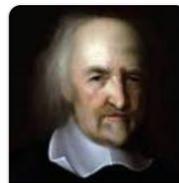
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Rousseau  
1712–1778



Voltaire  
1694–1778



Montesquieu  
1689–1755



Thomas  
Hobbes  
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53. What major event took place in France prior to Napoleon's rise to power?

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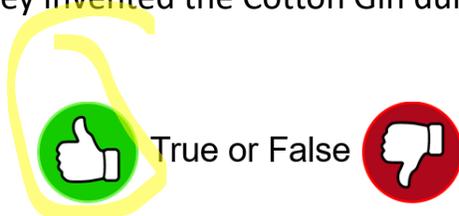
55. What effects did the revolutionaries have on Latin America?

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57. Eli Whitney invented the Cotton Gin during the Industrial Revolution



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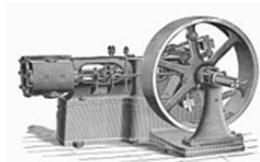
- d. War occurred in Europe
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59. Which of these was NOT a major invention during the industrial revolution?



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A. Spinning Jenny



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This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA

C. Swords

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## Word Bank



harsh



cities



middle



machines

61. Working conditions during the industrial revolution were harsh.

62. People moved to the cities.

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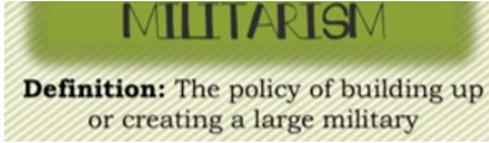
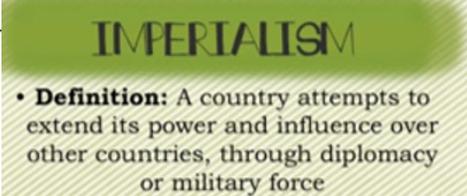
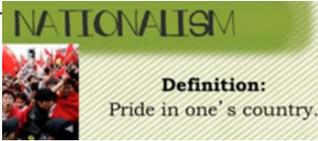


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Germany led a holocaust of all Jewish people.



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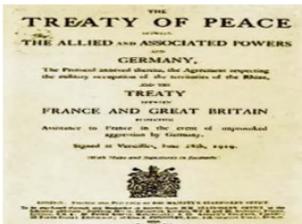
This Photo by Unknown

This war was started over tensions from Treaty of Versailles.

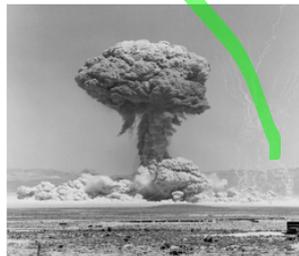


This Photo by Unknown Author is licensed under CC BY-SA

The war ended with the Treaty of Versailles.



The war ended with the bombing of Hiroshima and surrender of Japan.



This war was caused by Militarism, Allies, Nationalism, and Imperialism.



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